

UNION GOVERNMENT [LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE] BASED INDIAN POLITY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

For All Competitive SSC, Bank, IBPS, UPSC, Railway, IT & Other Govt. Exams

Created By [Careericons](#) Team

Q1. The **Parliament** can legislate on subjects given in the Union List only in consultation with the State Government for the State of :

- a) Kerala
 - b) Jammu & Kashmir
 - c) Assam
 - d) Rajasthan
-

Q2. Who held the office of the Vice-President of India for two consecutive terms?

- a) Mr. R. Venkataraman
 - b) Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma
 - c) Dr. Radhakrishnan
 - d) Mr. V.V. Gir
-

Q3. The chairman of the Lok Sabha is designated as

- a) Speaker
 - b) Vice President
 - c) Chairman
 - d) President
-

Q4. Consider the following statements given below:

1. J. L. Nehru was in his fourth term as the PM of India at the time of his death.
2. J.L. Nehru represented Rae Bareilly constituency as a Member of Parliament.
3. The first non-congress PM of India assumed office in the year 1977.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**?

- a) 3 only
- b) 1 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) 1 and 3 only

5000+ FREE INDIAN POLITY MCQ QUESTION BANK FOR ALL SSC, UPSC, BANK, RAILWAY EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q5. Which of the following corporations, for the purpose of auditing, are kept completely out of the purview of **CAG of India**?

1. Industrial Finance Corporation
2. Food Corporation of India
3. Central Warehousing Corporation
4. Life Insurance Corporation of India
5. Reserve Bank of India

Which of the following statements is/are **correct**?

- a) 1, 2, 4 and 5
- b) 1, 2 and 5
- c) 2, 3 and 4
- d) 2, 4 and 5

Q6. The president of India can nominate how many members from the Anglo-Indian community to the Lok Sabha?

- a) Twelve
- b) Ten
- c) Two
- d) Five

Q7. Which innovative discussion process is introduced by the Indian parliament to the World Parliamentary systems?

- a) Presidential Speech
 - b) Resolutions
 - c) Question hour
 - d) Zero hour
-

Q8. Which one among the following features of the Constitution of India is indicative of the fact that the real executive power is vested in the Council of Ministers headed by the Prime Minister?

- a) Representative legislature
 - b) Federalism
 - c) Universal adult franchise
 - d) Parliamentary democracy
-

Q9. The President of India has no power to

1. Proclaim a financial emergency in the state
2. Proclaim the future of the constitutional machinery in the state.

Which of the statement(s) given above regarding the **special constitutional** status of Jammu and Kashmir is/are **correct**?

- a) 2 only
 - b) Both 1 and 2
 - c) 1 only
 - d) Neither 1 nor 2
-

Q10. The Constitution guarantees the following privileges to the President of India:

- a) No criminal proceedings shall be instituted against the President in any court during his term of office
- b) The President shall not be answerable to any court for the exercise and performance of the powers and duties of his office or for any act done or purporting to be done by him in exercise of those powers and duties
- c) No process for the arrest or impeachment of the President shall be issued from any court during his term of office

d) No civil proceedings whatsoever shall be instituted against the President in any court during the term of his office

Q11. Consider the following statements:

1. The expenditure to be incurred by the Government and the revenue to be collected by way of taxes must be approved by both the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha.
2. The charge of impeachment against the President of India can be brought about by only Lok Sabha and not Rajya Sabha.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**?

- a) 1 only
 - b) Both 1 and 2
 - c) 2 only
 - d) Neither 1 nor 2
-

Q12. When the Chairman of Rajya Sabha acts as President, the duties of the Chairman are performed by :

- a) himself
- b) the Deputy Chairman
- c) a newly elected Chairman
- d) a member of Rajya Sabha deputed by the Chairman

1000+ FREE UNION GOVERNMENT [LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE] BASED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS FOR ALL COMPETITIVE EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q13. Who among the following decides whether a particular bill is a **Money Bill** or not?

- a) President
 - b) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
 - c) Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - d) Finance Minister
-

Q14. The maximum number of representatives of the States in Lok Sabha is :

- a) 525
- b) 545
- c) 530
- d) 550

Q15. Who appoints and dismisses the gazetted officials of the Union Government?

- a) The Finance Minister of India
- b) The Home Minister of India
- c) The President of India
- d) The Prime Minister of India

[Read More union government Question and Answers »](#)

Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (b)

Article 370 of the Indian constitution grants special autonomous status to Jammu and Kashmir.

As per Article 370 of the Constitution of India, notwithstanding anything in this Constitution:

1. the power of Parliament to make laws for the said State shall be limited to those matters in the Union List and the Concurrent List which, in consultation with the Government of the State, are declared by the President to correspond to matters specified in the Instrument of Accession governing the accession of the State to the Dominion of India as the matters with respect to which the Dominion Legislature may make laws for that State; and
2. such other matters in the said Lists, as, with the concurrence of the Government of the State, the President may by order specify. This article specifies that except for Defence, Foreign Affairs, Finance and Communications, (matters specified in the instrument of accession) the Indian Parliament needs the State Government's concurrence for applying all other laws.

Thus the state's residents lived under a separate set of laws, including those related to citizenship, ownership of property, and fundamental rights, as compared to other Indians.

Q2. Answer: (c)

Dr. Radhakrishnan held the office of the Vice-President of India for two consecutive terms. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan was an Indian philosopher and statesman who was the first Vice President of India and the second President of India from 1962 to 1967.

Q3. Answer: (a)

Chairman of Lok sabha is designated as speaker.

5000+ INDIAN POLITY MCQ TOPIC WISE MCQ QUESTION BANK WITH SOLVED ANSWERS & FREE PDF

[MAKING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION & ITS DEVELOPMENT](#)

[UNION GOVERNMENT \[LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE\]](#)

[STATE GOVERNMENT \[LEGISLATURE & EXECUTIVE\]](#)

[UNION & STATE JUDICIARY OF INDIA](#)

Q4. Answer: (d)

J.L Nehru was in PM's office for the 4th term represented 'Phulpur' near Allahabad as a member of Parliament.

Morarji Desai of the Janta party was the first non-congress PM of India assumed office on March 24, 1977.

Q5. Answer: (d)

Q6. Answer: (c)

Up to 525 members represent of the territorial constituencies in States, up to 20 members represent the Union Territories and no more than two members from Anglo-Indian community can be nominated by the President of India if he or she feels that the community is not

adequately represented.

Q7. Answer: (d)

Zero Hour is the Indian innovation in the field of parliamentary procedures and has been in existence since 1962. It is called so because it begins at 12.00 noon. However, it does not mention in the rules of procedure. During zero hour, questions are asked about issues of public importance without prior permission.

Q8. Answer: (d)

Q9. Answer: (c)

The President of India can proclaim the failure of the constitutional machinery in Jammu and Kashmir but the Proclamation should be grounded under the provision of the state constitution and not Indian constitution.

Q10. Answer: (d)

Q11. Answer: (d)

Q12. Answer: (b)

Q13. Answer: (c)

Q14. Answer: (c)

Q15. Answer: (c)

As per **Articles 310** and **311**, the gazetted officials of the Union Government are appointed and dismissed in the name of the President.

Besides, the President appoints important officials, such as the judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts, election commissioners, the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, members of UPSC, etc.

On our site **Careerions.com**, You can find all the content you need to prepare for any kind of exam like. **Verbal Reasoning, Non-Verbal Reasoning, Aptitude, English, Computer, History, Polity, Economy, Geography, General Science, General Awareness** & So on. Make use of our expert-curated content to get an edge over your competition and prepare for your exams effectively.

Practice with our **Free Practice MCQs, Mock Tests Series, Online Quiz** and get an idea of the real exam environment. Keep track of your progress with our detailed performance reports. They are perfect for competitive exam preparation, as well as for brushing up on basic & fundamental knowledge. The questions are updated regularly to keep up with the changing syllabuses.